

## Aligning the Choices and Interests

Achievement of developmental goals requires the aligning of the interests of multiple stakeholders-domestic and international. Clustering organic agriculture, renewable energy, eco-tourism and information communication technology does that. Together they work towards achieving these Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs):

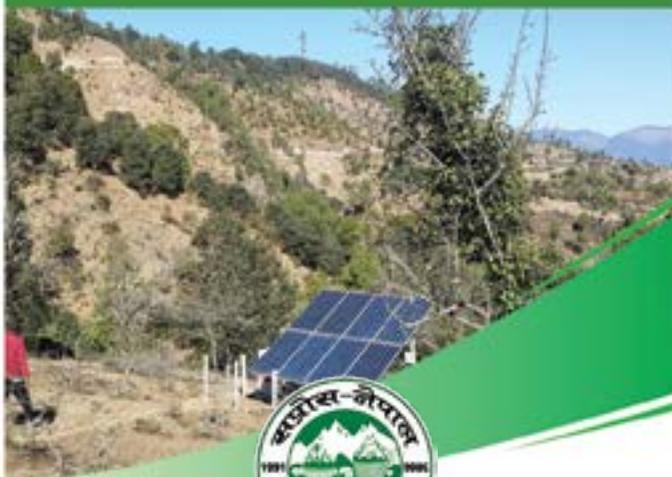
- ◆ Ending poverty in all its forms (SDG 1)
- ◆ Ending hunger, achieving food security and improved nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture (SDG 2)
- ◆ Ensuring healthy lives and promoting well-being for all at all ages (SDG 3)
- ◆ Achieving gender equality and empowering all women and girls (SDG 5)
- ◆ Ensuring access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all (SDG 7)
- ◆ Promoting inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment and decent work for all (SDG 8)
- ◆ Reducing inequality within and among countries (SDG 9)
- ◆ Taking urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts (SDG 13)
- ◆ Sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, halt and reverse land degradation, halt biodiversity loss (SDG 15)

The SDGs were formulated after taking into account the strengths, weaknesses, wants, and concerns of the Governments, private sector, labor, environment, and civil society at large, of each country. Make Nepal Green aligns the interests of the stakeholders of Nepal.

## Making it Work

The participatory choices and interests of the multiple stakeholders need to be aligned. The Green Economy does this. There is ample and feasible space for everyone.

There are disconnects between the participatory choices and interests of the different stakeholders of the country. The government is engaged in chronologically ordered pursuit of development activities, the private sector has bypassed the industrial revolution and the labor is either engaged in the primary sector or fleeing the country for greener pastures abroad.



Support Activities for Poor Producers of Nepal  
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**MAKE NEPAL GREEN**  
Economics, Environment, Society and Socio-Economics

**Green Nepal, Prosperous Nepal**

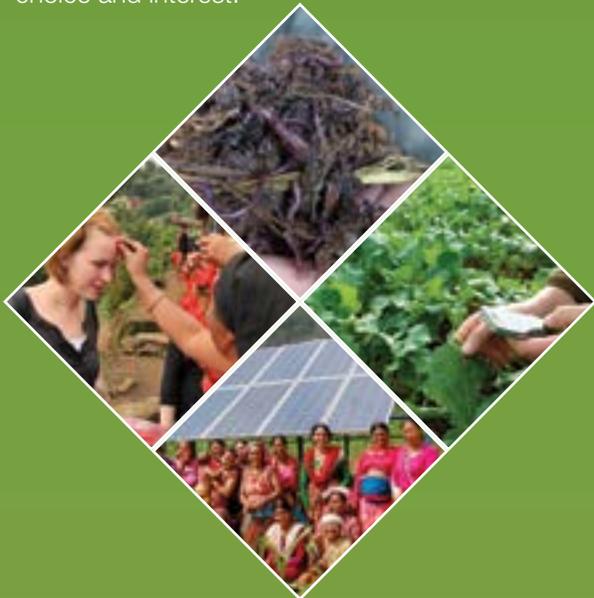
[makenepalgreen.org](http://makenepalgreen.org)

April, 2018



## What is Green Nepal?

Green Nepal is the clustering of Organic Agriculture, Renewable Energy, Eco-Tourism and Information Communication Technology in specific geographic locations of the country. Green Nepal is the efficient utilization of the natural and human resources for the sustainable growth of the economy, safeguarding of the environment, development of society and assurance of achievement of socio-economic development. Green Nepal is the alignment of every stakeholders' participatory choice and interest.



## Why Green Nepal?

- ◆ To realize the advantages of the vast resources of Nepal.
- ◆ To ensure that there is no addition of more decades of backwardness to Nepal's development.
- ◆ To take advantage, within time, of the opportunity provided by the global markets.
- ◆ To align the real sector and services sector of Nepal.
- ◆ To globalize Nepal.
- ◆ To align the participatory choice and interest of the multiple stakeholders.
- ◆ To ensure access to education and healthcare.
- ◆ To ensure regeneration and growth of economy by letting the micro address the macro economy.
- ◆ To replace the consumption and import based economy with a dynamic and diverse production and consumption based economy.
- ◆ To ensure sustenance and growth of the society and socio-economy- especially human rights and gender equality.
- ◆ To safeguard and improve the environment.
- ◆ To prevent climate change from eradicating Nepal's advances.
- ◆ Because Green Nepal is already working for the country.

